# Are you aware of what the National Small Vessel Safety Regulations require of you?



The Merchant Shipping (National Small Vessel Safety) Regulations, 2007, place the onus on the owner and in some cases the master as well, to ENSURE that the vessel and the crew comply with the requirements of the regulations at all times.

The SAMSA surveyors do NOT replace the owners and crew in matters of safety and their main function is to ensure that the owner, master and crew are in fact making reasonable efforts to apply regulations and maintain safety standards.

To assist the vessel's owner, owner's representative or skipper to manage safety aboard, the following checklist (and guideline) has been compiled for your attention.

The checklist is to be checked and completed prior the safety survey by the Owner or Skipper and any deficiencies noted to be rectified prior to the safety survey.

Please note that this document only covers the main issues, copies of the regulations and the amendments are published in both English and Afrikaans and may be purchased in Gazette form from the Government Printer, however, electronic copies (i.e. English text and already corrected with the latest amendments) of the regulations may be accessed from the SAMSA website: <a href="http://www.samsa.org.za/content/boating">http://www.samsa.org.za/content/boating</a>

### APPLICATION: Power Driven Category C Pleasure vessels [>15hp]

**Definitions:** 

**Category C**: vessels operating less than 15 nautical miles from shore **Power Driven**: a vessel propelled primarily by mechanical means

>15hp: means total engine power of more than 15hp, but not equal to 15hp

**Pleasure vessel:** a vessel that is used solely for sport or recreation

**Commercial vessel:** a vessel that is not a pleasure vessel

#### Owner(s) Declaration:

I owner/skipper/responsible person of the vessel have read and completed this checklist in preparation for the vessel's Local General Safety Survey/Certificate of Fitness Inspection.

declare that NO modifications have been carried out to the vess	·
survey. (If Modifications have been carried out, these must be lis	ited below.)
Vessel Name and Number	
Name and Signature of	
owner/skipper/responsible person	Date
Summary of modifications to vessel's construction, fittings or a	rrangements (if any).

#### WHO SHOULD SURVEY YOUR VESSEL?

Cat C >15hp Pleasure : October 2012 ver 8.1 Page 1 of 8

- SAMSA Employed Surveyors Surveyors permanently employed by SAMSA for the execution of SAMSA's responsibility's
- SAMSA Appointed Surveyors Surveyors appointed by SAMSA to carry out surveys of small vessels on behalf of SAMSA.
- Authorised Agency Safety Officers Safety officers appointed by Authorised Agency's. Survey of Pleasure vessels.

Description	Pleasure Vessels ≥ 9m but < 24m [100GT] (Certificate of Fitness)			Pleasure Vessels < 9m (Certificate of Fitness)			Notes:  (1) SAMSA surveyors would	
Description	New Constr- uction	Initial Survey	Periodic Survey	New Constr- uction	Initial Survey	Periodic Survey	normally not carry out these surveys which should be carried out by "Appointed Surveyors" or "Safety	
SAMSA Employed Surveyor	NR <sup>(5)</sup>	х	X <sup>(2)</sup>	NR <sup>(5)</sup>	X <sup>(2)</sup>	X <sup>(2)</sup>	Officers"	
SAMSA Appointed surveyor <sup>(3)</sup>	NR <sup>(5)</sup>	х	Х	NR <sup>(5)</sup>	х	Х	(5) Attendance during construction of pleasure boats is not regulated (NR).	
Authorised Agency Appointed Safety Officer		х	Х	NR <sup>(5)</sup>	х	х		

Vessel and Owner Particulars					
Name of Vessel					
			Γ		
Category of operation Pleasure = Sport and/or Recreation	Cat B	Cat C	Cat D	Cat E	Cat R
•					1
Approved Marking					
Operational Limits					
•					
Operational Home Port					
Length of Vessel					
Maximum number of persons permitted to be					
carried onboard					
Colour of hull and deck					
Make and model of vessel and engines					
Name of Owner					
ID Number of owner or					
company registration number					
Address of owner					
Telephone number of owner					
Email Address					
Lindii Addiess					

#### **USE OF CHECKLISTS – Pleasure vessels**

Surveyors and Safety Officers must receive a completed copy of the checklist at or before the time of survey.

Pages 1 and 2 of the checklist must be retained by the surveyor/safety officer that conducts the survey/inspection.

Pages 3 to 6 must be retained by the boat owner for guidance and future reference.

#### **HAVE YOU PROVIDED SAFE ACCESS TO YOUR VESSEL?**

Owners and skippers are advised that SAMSA regards the non-provision of safe access to vessels in a serious light. Safe access is a requirement for ALL persons requiring access to vessels (not just surveyors). SAMSA surveyors are instructed to issue a PROHIBITION ORDER where safe access is not provided. All work on board is to be stopped until safe access is provided to the satisfaction of the surveyor. (Merchant Shipping Act, 57 of 1951 section 9(5))

<b>Competent and Respons</b>	ible Manning – Pleasure Vessels	٧
Crewing	The vessel has to be under the constant guidance of a person holding an appropriately	
Regulation 14	endorsed Certificate of Competence.	
	This certificate of competence (or a certified copy) must be available for inspection at all reasonable times.	
Manning	In addition to having a qualified skipper on board, the owner must ensure that the	
Regulation 14	vessel is sufficiently and efficiently manned. There are to be sufficient competent	
	persons on board with regards to the requirements of other safety provisions, i.e.	
	such as keeping a proper lookout and the manning (minimum number of crew) of the	
	vessel.	
Essential Safety Information Regulation 7	On EVERY occasion and BEFORE the vessel goes to sea;	
	1. All skippers MUST ensure that every person aboard receives essential and	
	appropriate safety information; such as the location of the safety appliances and	
	equipment aboard as well as instruction in the use of such items. and	
	2. All skippers MUST ensure that the safety appliances and equipment are inspected,	
	fit and ready for use.	1
Fuel reserve	A reserve of not less than 25% over and above the requirement for the intended	
Regulation 8	voyage	
Operational Limits	No person may operate a vessel beyond the distance from shore for the category it is	
Regulation 10	licensed.	
Carrying persons in excess	It is illegal to exceed the number of persons specified on the vessel's safety certificate,	
Regulation 11	except in an emergency such as in the case of a search and rescue operation.	
Voyage information	Before a vessel goes to sea, the particulars of the vessel and the names of the crew	
Regulation 12	are to be left with the harbour master, at the launch site, or in certain cases, relatives,	
	a police station or responsible person. However, where local authorities or authorized	
	agents have implemented reporting mechanisms, these shall be complied with. Upon	
	returning from sea or the voyage, the person or authorities with whom the voyage	
	information were left, must be informed accordingly.	
Assisting vessels in distress and reporting dangers to navigation	It is the duty of a skipper to report dangers to navigation and assist vessels in distress.	
Regulation 13		
Physical and mental fitness	No person may operate a vessel or vessel's equipment whilst under the influence of	
Regulation 17	alcohol or drugs.	
	(Maximum of 0, 05 gram/100 ml alcohol in blood or 0, 24 mg/1000 ml alcohol in	
	breath). No person may refuse that a specimen of blood or breath be taken.	
	No person may operate a vessel if he/she is not physically able to do so and/or of	
	sound mental health.	-
Requirements for water-skiing	Water-skiing is only allowed in areas indicated by the regulating authority and it is not	
Regulation 36	allowed at night;	
	The towing vessel may not use a steel or other metallic rope; In addition to the skipper, there must be a competent person in the towing boat	
	observing the water-skier;	
	The towing vessel may not follow closer than 100 metres in the wake of another	
	towing vessel - towing a skier, person, aquatic or airborne device.	
	A water-skier:	
	- must wear a suitable buoyancy aid and must have knowledge of the standard hand	
	signals in use;	
	- may not purposefully let go of the rope in congested areas;	
	- may not create a nuisance or danger for other water users.	

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREM	MENTS – Annex 1	٧
CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS Regulation 6	It is an offence to sell a vessel which does not comply with the construction requirements except where accompanied by a letter or certificate detailing the extent to which the vessel does not or cannot comply.	
PLANS	Photographs and a buoyancy certificate are required in lieu of detailed plans.	
Regulation 4		
DOCKING/SLIPPING	COF Annual Checks:	
Regulation 5 Regulation 23	<u>Trailer-borne vessels:</u> Ensure the vessel's structure, equipment, appliances arrangements and material continues to be in compliance with the regulations.	
Initial inspections for COF will require the external structure and fittings of the vessel to be inspected by the surveyor.	Non-trailer-borne vessels: Owners are required to maintain their vessels in a safe condition and document their efforts to do so [see: HULL INSPECTIPON RECORD]. Surveyors and Safety Officers may require vessels to be removed from the water for external hull inspection, if the condition of the vessels hull or fittings requires additional inspection at the time of annual survey.	
SUFFICIENT RESERVE POSITIVE	Careful consideration of vessel stability required when considering modifications to	
STABILITY Regulation 6	the vessel or changes in the vessels operation which increase the load carried by the vessel.	
INGRESS OF WATER	Decked vessels shall not have any point of possible ingress of water, except for	
Regulation 6	scuppers, less than 200 mm above the surface of the water.	
	Careful consideration required when modifications to scupper arrangements are considered. (Changes to as-built arrangements.)	
COLOUR OF DECK	To assist with search and rescue, the deck is to be painted or pigmented in a colour	
Regulation 9	which is readily visible from above in any sea condition. (Or the vessel may carry a pigmented canvas extending the full the width of the vessel, but not less than 2m x 2m).	
NAVIGATION LIGHTS	Any vessel going to sea at night must have properly fitted navigation lights in	
Collision Regulations	accordance with the International Collision Regulations.  Lights must be of an approved type; must show the correct sectors; wiring to be	
	neat, secured and waterproof.	
KILL SWITCH	To be fitted on power driven vessels of more than 15HP outboard engines of 9	
Reg 7(5) and (6)	metres or less in overall length  To be attached to the skipper or operator at all times <u>except</u> when launching or	
	beaching the vessel through surf.	
BUILT-IN BUOYANCY	Buoyancy: The buoyancy provided must be capable of keeping the vessel afloat when fully	
Paragraph 1	flooded, swamped or capsized, and, provide a platform upon which the full	
Policy: Marine Notice 8 of 2012	complement can be secured.  Built-in buoyancy:	
To be fitted where life-rafts are not carried.  Vessels are required to be provided with buoyancy certificates,	Built-in buoyancy must consist of a material such as foam, or approved plastic bottles that are not affected by water, oil or oil products to the satisfaction of the authority.	
confirming the provision of built-in buoyancy. These certificates are required to be kept onboard with the COF and to be presented at the time	For wooden or GRP vessels the industry norm is that the volume displaced by the buoyancy provide inside the vessel must represent a figure of 60% of the gross weight of the vessel.	
of survey or when requested by an enforcement officer.	One compartment flooding:	
<ul><li>Exceptions:</li><li>Vessels participating in an organised event under the</li></ul>	In lieu of built in buoyancy, decked vessels (the larger displacement vessels) may have at least two watertight bulkheads, so positioned and of such strength, that in the event that the largest compartment being flooded, the vessel will remain afloat with positive transverse stability. (In the worst envisaged load condition!)	
auspices of an authorised	Inflatable vessels:	
agency are exempted only for the duration of the event.	Inflatable vessels of any category whether fully inflatable or semi-rigid, may in lieu of fitted buoyancy be constructed with at least 3 separate buoyancy chambers and have the capacity to stay afloat despite the largest two of the chambers being completely deflated. The hull of a semi-rigid inflatable is not considered to be one of the 3 buoyancy chambers required.	

Hatches on deck	Hatches on the open deck must be provided with hatch covers that are watertight	
Paragraph 2	when dogged down. Special care is to be given to flush deck hatches.	
	All watertight hatches should be able to withstand a hose test.	
	Where a fishing hatch can be opened to the sea, the cover must be capable of	
	being secured in an emergency.	
Guard rails	All open decks or walk ways on power driven vessels should be protected as	
(Paragraph 3)	follows:	
	Vessels 9 metres or more - 600 mm high	
	Vessels less than 9 metres - 450 mm, high	
	Surf operated vessels are exempted if they have bulwarks at least 450 mm forward	
	and 300 mm aft.	
	unu 300 mm ajt.	
	<u>Vessels with cabin tops</u> which extend nearly to the ship's side, <u>with a crew access</u>	
	forward are exempt if provided with a toe rail of at least 50 mm along the outer	
	edge of the deck and substantial, secure handrail on each side of the cabin.	
Towing arrangements	Every vessel must be provided with an efficient means of securing a tow rope or	
Paragraph 4	anchor cable. Arrangements provided forward and aft.	
	(Capability to tow and to be towed)	
Underwater hull fitting	Inlet and discharge pipes attached to the <u>underwater</u> part of the hull must be	
Paragraph 5	properly flanged to the hull and provided with a valve or shut-off cock inserted in	
	the line as close as possible to the hull.	
	<u>Definition of underwater:</u> The maximum loaded waterline when the vessel is	
	heeled to 7 deg for power driven vessels and the sheer line	
Ventilators	Vents serving engine or accommodation spaces to be provided with proper closing	
Paragraph 6	devices or water traps to prevent water ingress into the compartment.	
	Vents serving only engine spaces must be able to shut off air flow in case of fire.	
Engine power	Every motorised and passenger vessel must have an engine capable of propelling	
Paragraph 7	the vessel in its fully loaded condition at a speed of at least 5 knots.  If operating in a surf, each engine must be capable of propelling the vessel at a safe	
	speed when operating in surf conditions. (rough conditions)	
Number of engines	If outboard propulsion is used, the vessel must be provided with at least two	
Paragraph 7	outboard engines.	
Inboard Petrol Engines	Engine installed in a compartment protected from spray and flooding and is	
(Paragraph 7 (4))	adequately ventilated	
	Manual bilge pump fitted in engine compartment	
	Battery to be stowed outside of engine bay, protected by spray and flooding	
	Marinised carburettor with flash arrester fitted	
	Sparkless alternator and starter	
	Flameproof extractor fitted to engine bay, runs for 30s before engine starts	
	Remote controlled fire extinguishing system	
F. J. 10"	Auxiliary outboard fitted	
Exhaust Pipes and Silencers	Water cooled or lagged.	
Paragraph 7(5) Fuel tanks	To be officiently secured and constructed of suitable materials	
(Paragraph 8)	To be efficiently secured and constructed of suitable material; Outlets of built in tanks to have shut off valves (or approved automatic shut off or	
(ι αιαβιαρίι ο <i>)</i>	anti-siphoning devices). If not readily accessible the valves should be able to be	
	operated remotely;	
	Filler pipes must have threaded plugs or caps. Only non corrosive materials may be	
	used;	
	Breather pipes should not leak even if the vessel is heeled to 50°;	
	Fuel levels should be able to be determined and where gauge glasses are fitted,	
	they must be fitted with self closing valves;	
	All fuel tanks holding PETROL must be fitted or stored outside engine and battery	
	compartments.	

Electrical installations	Vessel to be provided with at least two identical banks of batteries. If engines are	
(Paragraph 9)	provided with hand start arrangements only one bank of batteries may be fitted.	
(Motor driven vessels)		
	A suitable battery charging appliance must be provided for each bank of batteries;	
	If there is more then one engine, then each engine must be provided with a battery	
	charging appliance capable of charging both banks of batteries.	
	A single bank of batteries must be capable of providing 12 hours auxiliary power for	
	navigation lights, electric bilge pumps (if provided) and fixed radio equipment.	
	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	
	Installation to conform to good marine practice.	
Emergency steering	Fitted except where steered by means of a tiller. May be portable but must be	
Annex 1	accessible for rapid attachment)	
Para 10	Alternative emergency steering to be practical and demonstrated.	
Bilge pumping arrangements (motor	ONLY applies to vessels without self draining decks (exceptions for ski-boats and	
<u>vessels)</u>	inflatable boats, sailing or rowing dinghies)	
0.5 (4) 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Where vessels over 7m in length are fitted with an inboard main engine, the bilge	
One (1) power driven bilge pump	pump must be driven by the main engine. If the main engine cannot act as the	
(capacity 3000 litres per hour)	prime mover, the pump may be electrically powered. In addition the vessels must	
	be fitted with a hand operated bilge pump situated above the main deck.	
One (1) hand operated pump		
(capacity 2000 litres per hour)	Other power driven vessels over 7m in length must have at least two hand-	
	operated bilge pumps, one installed below deck and the other above deck.	
	Vessels under 7m in length must be fitted at least one hand operated pump	
	All bilge pumps must be fitted with piping arrangements, valves, suction and	
	strainers for pumping out all compartments except for the fish hatch, (if it can be	
	flooded and the vessel still maintains positive stability or adequate buoyancy).	
	,	
	Underwater discharges need sufficient non-return valves fitted to prevent back	
	flooding;	
	1100d1116)	
	Portable pump levers to be kept in a readily accessible space as near to the pump	
	as possible. (In the case of pumps above deck, then in a locker above deck)	
Visibility at stagging position		
Visibility at steering position	Clear visibility, through safety-toughened clear glass (i.e. not through opaque and	
(Paragraph 12)	starred plastic), forward, from two points abaft the beam on each side (112½° to	
	port and stbd of the centre line) or out in the open. Protection of glare from the	
	sun may be afforded by portable tinted screens (or the roll-down type) and <u>not</u>	
	fixed/stuck to the glass.	
Maintenance of propulsion and	Periodically serviced and maintained according to the manufacturers specifications	
steering machinery	by competent persons.	
(Paragraph 13)		
Gas appliances	The device must be maintained in good working order at all times.	
(Paragraph 15)		
Dive boats	ONLY applies to diving vessels.	
(Paragraph 17)	If operated through the surf, fitted with adequate seating and grab points other	
(i diagraphi 17)	than on the gunwale (except for inflatable vessels).	
	To provide adequately secured racks for accommodating all the dive tanks.	
	To provide adequately secured racks for accommodating all the dive talks.	

## SAFETY APPLIANCES AND EQUIPMENT: Category C Power Driven Pleasure Annexure 2 of National Small Vessel Safety Regulations, 2007.

Safety	Description	Remarks					
Item							
No 1	Approved Life-jacket	DAY ODEDATION	VIC.	CANC 12402 4	Lavel 100	ONE	
1	To be fitted with the following:	DAY OPERATION NIGHT OPERATI		SANS 12402-4 SANS 12402-3	Level 100 Level 150	ONE per Person	
	a) Whistle	INIGHT OPERATI	UNS	3AN3 12402-3	Level 150	reison	I
	b) Lifting loop	Refer to the latest	Marine	Notice: New Com	nulcory standa	rds for lifeir	ackats usad an
	c) Retro-reflective material	South African Vess		notice. New Con	ipuisoi y stailua	ii us ioi iiieja	ackets used on
	These devices provide face-up	SAMSA strongly re		ands an annroved	light: if onerati	ng at night	
	flotation	JAIVISA Strongly re	COMMIN	inds an approved	ilgiit, ii operatii	ing at might	
2	Approved Buoyancy aid	It is NOT mandato	ry to b	e supplied with bu	loyancy aids ad	ditional to	the life jacket
	(Working Lifejacket)	on pleasure vessel	-		, ,		•
i		It is accepted that i		be impractical to v	vear an approv	ed lifejacke	t for specific
i	To be fitted with the following:	operations onboar	-	<b>-</b>		<b>,</b>	
	a) Whistle	'					
	b) Lifting loop	NOTE: Life Jackets	or PFD	's to be worn by:			
	c) Retro-reflective material			r 12 (twelve) years	of age on decl	k whilst the	vessel is
i	·	underway		, ,,	J		
i	These devices provide for	-		or returning throu	gh the surf		
i	continuous wear and provide lift,	c) when dire	cted b	y the skipper,	_		
	without significant face-up turning	d) persons e	ngaged	l in water skiing ac	tivity		
	ability						
		SAMSA advises rec	reation	nal vessels to consi	der the wisdor	n of wearing	g a comfortable
		buoyancy aid at all	times	whilst at sea.			
3	Lifebuoy	Only on non-planir	ng vess	els			
4	Dan buoy	Only on trawlers a	nd on s	ailing vessels over	9m in length.		
6	Hand-held red distress flares	To be in good o	conditi	on, SAMSA approv	ved and unexp	ired.	
	Exp/20						
7	Red rocket parachute flares	1 7 1		nper with expiry d			_
	Exp/20	(Note: All expir	ed pyr	otechnics are to be	e handed in at t	the SAPS ex	plosives unit for
8	Floating orange smoke marker	disposal.)					
	Exp/20						
10	One (1) waterproof torch, spare	ONLY required on v		operating at night	: - Spare batte	ries and bull	b to be kept in a
	batteries and a spare bulb	watertight contain					
11	Hand-held spotlight with own 12 V	ONLY required on o	dive bo	ats operating at n	ight.		
	battery						
12	Sound signalling device (other than	ONLY required on y					nge 250Hz -
i	a life-jacket whistle)	700Hz, audible not					
i		It is highly recomm			ssels operating	East of Por	t Alfred also
4.2		carry a sound signa					
13	Ships bell or sound signalling	ONLY required on v			i overali length	•	
i	device capable of making the signal "R"	("R" is Morse Code	2)				
15	Code Flag "A" (rigid)	ONLY required on (	divo bo	atc			
16					tras ar mara in	overall lend	7+h
10	Two (2) black balls or shapes, at least 400mm in diameter	ONLY required on v	vesseis	of 12 (twelve) me	tres or more in	overall leng	gui.
17	Radar reflector of at least 400mm	To be carried by all	Lvocco	<u> </u>			
1/	in diameter (or patent type of	Power Driven vesse			overall length	operating	wast of Bart
i	equivalent echoing capability)	Alfred must perma			_	operating v	west of Port
i	equivalent echonig capability)	It is strongly recom	-			n 0 motros	in overall
		length, sailing vess		•			
i		their radar reflecto		vessels operating	Edst Of Port Ai	ireu aiso pe	illialielitiy lit
10	Marine VHF or 29MHz radio to be			nol 16 and ana a+4	or working ch	annol	
18		VHF to have at leas				aillel	
	fitted as appropriate to area of	29Mhz to have loca					
ı	operation	An annual ship station licence to be obtained from ICASA.  The skipper to be in possession of a Restricted Radio Telephone Operators Certificat					
ı		for vessels fitted w	-		-	none Opera	itors certificate
	1	I IOI VESSEIS IILLEU W	TULL ALL	radio equipinent	•		

21	Depth sounding device or hand	ONLY required on dive boats
	lead line	
22	Steering Magnetic Compass	Compass to be illuminated on vessels operating at night.
24	Suitable approved fire extinguishers	One <u>per engine</u> , and, in decked vessels of 9 (nine) metres or more in length, one (1) in each compartment formed by a complete transverse bulkhead (e.g. galley, sleeping accommodation and wheelhouse).  Serviced annually by an approved DOTFAS or SABS accredited service station.  See latest Marine Notice for SAMSA approved DOTFAS Stations
27	Grab-line fitted to outside of gunwale	Required ONLY for dive boats. Not required for vessels equipped with a secured boarding ladder extending into the water.
28	Capsize rope for use when vessel is inverted in the water	ONLY for inflatable vessels and ski-boats less than 9 (nine) metres in overall length.  Rope to be attached when proceeding to sea.
31	Suitable sea-anchor, fitted with hawser and tripping line (rigged and ready for use)	ONLY required on surf launched vessels of less than 9 (nine) metres in overall length.
32	Proper <u>patent</u> anchor and chain, with a suitable length of rope for the area of operation	Length of chain:  Vessels of 6 (six) metres and more - at least 5 (five) metres  Vessels under 6 (six) metres - at least 3 metres  Length of Rope:  At least 100 metres
33	Watertight capsize bottle attached to vessel with rope readily accessible in event of capsize	Containing flares, survival and emergency equipment. The rope length must not be less than 1.5 times the length of the vessel and manufactured to be non-slip.
34	Space blankets	2 off
35	Drinking water	One litre per person
36	First-aid kit	To be suitable for the vessel's size, compliment and intended operation, to the satisfaction of the surveyor or safety officer.  To include an elementary first-aid manual such as the publication entitled First on the Scene, published by St Johns Ambulance.
37	Suitable air bellows and repair kit	ONLY required on inflatable vessels
38	SAMSA Approved self inflating life- raft capable of carrying all persons aboard	Life-raft ONLY required if built in buoyancy, one compartment flooding or two chamber flooding (Inflatables) is NOT provided.  If carried: Stowed on deck or in a readily accessible position. Commercial vessels the raft must be serviced annually by an approved life-raft servicing agent. Pleasure vessels the raft must be serviced according to the manufacturers' instructions. It is strongly recommended that life-rafts be fitted with hydrostatic release units Refer to the latest Marine Notice regarding provision of life-rafts
39	Spares	Adequate for the purpose of carrying out emergency repairs to machinery and essential equipment aboard.
40	Tools	Adequate for the purpose of carrying out emergency repairs to machinery and essential equipment aboard.
41	Highly visible 2m x 2m canvas	Only applies to vessels not painted in visible colours.  To be pigmented in a colour which is readily visible from above in any sea condition.  (Or the vessel may carry a pigmented canvas extending the full the width of the vessel, but not less than 2m x 2m).
Annex 2 Para 3(1)	Marking of equipment	All life-jackets, buoyancy aids, life-buoys, Dan-buoys, flares, oars, paddles and life-rafts are to be permanently marked with the vessel's name or "approved marking".
Annex 2 Para 3(2)	Marking of trailer	Where any vessel is launched from a trailer other than a dolly at a private launching site the trailer must be marked in a conspicuous position, with the vessel's name, or approved marking and with the owner's name and emergency contact number.